

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1871.

Speaking of "Hard Times," the Rockingham Register says:—"The times are 'hard' because the consumers are greatly in excess of the producers. The surest and most effective cure for the evil is for our people to see that their sons, and daughters, too, are raised to habits of industry and frugality." The Staunton Spectator says:—"Hard times is the cry just now. Scarcity of money is the general complaint.—The cause and its remedy is or should be plain to every one. Any community which expends more for the commodities it uses and needs than it receives for its products must of necessity be short." The New York Tribune says:—"We are fast becoming a nation of schemers to live without genuine work. Our boys are not learning trades; our farmers' sons are crowding into cities, looking for clerkships and petty offices." The conclusion is, that industry and work, prudence and economy, and not schemes and scheming, are, with patience and perseverance, the remedies for hard times.

The ecclesiastical trial of Rev. Mr. Cheney of the Episcopal Church, in Chicago, has ended in an order for his suspension, until he acknowledge contrition for the past and conformity for the future. It is "reported" that Mr. Cheney will continue to act as rector notwithstanding this verdict, and that the members of the congregation will stand by him. The controversy between Mr. Cheney and the Bishop is because Mr. Cheney omitted the word "regenerate" in the clause in the order of service for the baptism of infants as it occurs in the Book of Common Prayer in the Episcopal Church.

Mr. d'Aligny, a New York engineer, writing in the Railroad and Mining Register, says that, for a single track railroad the economy of a 2-foot 6 over a 4-foot 8 1/2 gauge is fifty per cent. over an ordinary rail country; but in the mountainous or mining districts the proportion increases to seventy-five per cent. and more.—If modern facilities for communication can be provided for large districts now cut off from the great iron highways, the result might be a complete revolution in travel by steam.

We suppose that Senator Schurz is given up by the Radicals as "incorrigible." The press of that party in Missouri is pouring broad sides upon him. The Radical journals, elsewhere, are endeavoring to break him down. He has committed the political offence of exercising political independence with regard to party—and he receives no favor. Besides, the President frowns upon him yet.

A letter from Salt Lake City says that Brigham Young is no longer the power that he once was. During the year great changes, socially and financially, have been brought about, and the people of Utah are beginning to think for themselves. We hope this information may turn out to be correct. Utah is a scandal and a reproach to the whole country, conducted as it is by Brigham Young.

A meeting was recently held in New York of natives of Prince Edward's Island favoring annexation of that island to the U. S. Prince Edward's Island lies to the southeast of New Brunswick, and contains upwards of thirteen hundred square miles. We presume, of course therefore, that Prince Edward's Island will be included in the programme of "annexation."

A committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce have issued an address soliciting supplies for the relief of the suffering people in the war-ravaged districts of France. Both Houses of Congress have requested the President to detail national vessels to convey contributions across the Atlantic, and in all probability a ship-load will soon be collected.

The board of radical members at the last session of the large reduction in the expenditures of the government is, perhaps, best answered at this session by an enormous deficiency bill of nearly thirteen millions of dollars, which the House committee on appropriations found it necessary to agree upon yesterday.

"Political affairs in South America are in rather an unpromising condition." In Uruguay and Bolivia war is raging, and hostilities between Ecuador and Colombia are threatened. We have hardly ever known the time when political affairs in South America were not in an unpromising condition.

The collector of customs at Savannah, Ga., has written to the Secretary of the Treasury giving an account of the ravages of the small-pox, "confined," on board an American ship recently arrived at that port from Liverpool. The vessel has been placed in quarantine. The disease was very malignant.

Gen. Custis Lee, now President of Washington and Lee College, at Lexington, is the youngest member of the faculty of that institution. But his selection for the office he holds is cordially approved of by all the professors and students. He is now about thirty-six years old.

Much writing, pro and con, is going on about Miss Vinnie Ream's statue of Lincoln. From all that we read, it is, at least, far better than some other pieces of statutory in the Capitol. We do not know that this is much praise, but it is as much as one can say who has never seen the work in question.

Postmaster General Creswell has written a letter to the Senate Postal Committee, in which he says that he was himself opposed to the Chorpennin claim, but deemed himself bound by the act of Congress, which directed him to adjust the claim in a certain specific manner.

A letter in the Richmond Whig, from Mobile, Ala., says:—"The more I see of this Southern and Western country the better I love my Virginia home. Where one has bettered his condition by leaving the old State, from eight to ten have been worsted. All that is necessary to make Virginia what she ought to be is for her own people to go to work, develop and utilize the resources of the State, stay home and not be roving the world over seeking in vain for a better country. This is my advice to them, for it can't be found. Why, sir, if the people who have left South-side Virginia within the last twenty years had remained at home, lands to-day, instead of being worth from \$2 to \$10 per acre would have been worth from \$20 to \$200, and we would have had the very finest country, highly improved, and the finest society in the world."

Two men and one woman are to be hung in Maryland to-morrow—John Howard, white, convicted of murder in the first degree in Allegany county; Mary Wallis, colored, convicted of murder in the first degree in Prince George's county, and John Martin, colored, convicted of violence upon the person of a female in Frederick county.

We do not believe that there is such a word in the Virginia vocabulary as "repudiation," when applied to the debts of the State. The bonds of the state, principal and interest, must be paid and will be paid—with or without West Virginia. West Virginia ought to come up manfully and act justly in this matter.

A review of the Pennsylvania coal trade, just published, contends that if consumers will not be frightened at the "short supply" cry, it will be impossible for speculators or combinations to advance the prices above the present level. The chances are, too, that the strike will soon be at an end.

Mr. Underwood, conductor on the train on the Hudson River Railroad which met with the late dreadful disaster, says it was caused by a broken axle on an oil car. A coroner's inquest is now investigating the whole matter.

The Hermitage, Gen. Jackson's former residence in Tennessee, now belongs to the state. An effort is making to give the Hermitage property to Mrs. Andrew Jackson, Jr., adopted daughter of the General, during her life.

The Washington correspondent of the Richmond Whig says that "for the past two weeks there has been a continuous stream of Radical members of the Virginia Legislature oscillating between Washington and Richmond."

Destructive fires occurred on Tuesday in Saco, Maine; New York; Pittsburg (Locomotive works and twenty-three houses); Wheeling (gas works); Memphis; and Trenton. N. J. Heavy losses in each place.

At the monthly meeting of the Directors of the B. & O. railroad, yesterday, Mr. Garrett stated that there had been a considerable increase in the earnings of the main stem and its branches over the corresponding month of 1870.

A married woman recently eloped with her paramour from Hampton, Va., taking two of her children with her. The husband followed them to Washington, N. C., and there lost all trace of them.

The U. S. Consul, at St. Thomas, reports that there is much unanimity in San Domingo in favor of "annexation." Other accounts do not confirm this opinion.

Mr. J. E. Heister, who recently died at Lancaster, Pa., was formerly a member of Congress from that state. He was defeated at his last candidature by Thaddeus Stevens.

Coal, from California, it is said in some quarters, can be furnished to the Atlantic Sea Board, cheaper than the rates of Pennsylvania coal.—Can this be true?

It is said that the report that President Grant's son was one of the leaders of the recent insubordinate proceedings at West Point, is incorrect.

The Austrian government has granted a full amnesty for all political offences in that country, up to the 7th inst.

The work of removing the obstructions in the James River below Richmond is going on successfully.

In the Senate yesterday the House amendment increasing the appropriation for the Investigating Committee on Southern Affairs to \$20,000 was concurred in. Two additional members were placed on the Southern Investigating Committee, and it was authorized to sit during the sessions of Congress. Mr. Pomeroy introduced a bill to punish bribery at elections for President. The bill to provide for a common school system in the District of Columbia was taken up, and a debate ensued upon a motion to strike out the clause forbidding that any distinction of race or color be made in the schools. Without taking any action, the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Representatives a resolution was passed admitting free of duty certain articles designed for sale for the relief of the sufferers in France. The bill for the protection of the Texas frontier was laid on the table and Mr. Hoar's National Education bill was discussed until the House adjourned.

BRUTES AND DOG FIGHTS.—A brutal and ferocious dog fight occurred yesterday afternoon at Roslyn. It lasted one hour and forty-five minutes, during all which time three hundred creatures, calling themselves men, disgraced the name of humanity by enjoying the proceedings and urging the dogs to renewed exertions. One of the poor animals was literally chewed up, and died on the field of battle. The victor was carried off in triumph by his fellow brutes, (we beg the dog's pardon for mentioning him in connection with the crowd present,) to have his wounds dressed and healed, perhaps preparatory to another fight.

The President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals went to the scene to obtain the names of the parties conducting the fight; but having no authority in Virginia, could not have them arrested then and there.—Washington Republican.

THE PARTRIDGE EATER.—Mr. Scott, who is eating one partridge per day for thirty days, on a wager of \$500 a side, at Miller's restaurant, having finished his twelfth broiled bird yesterday, which seemed, he said, to be enormously large, had the style of cooking changed to-day, taking his bird stewed, and is confident he shall be able to fight it out on that line.—Washington Star.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

The extensive series of forgeries, committed by Tyron Reakirt, in Philadelphia, has been unearthed. Those discovered amount to over \$100,000, scattered among various wholesale drug firms. He had over one dozen bank accounts, in all of which he had obtained loans on forged acceptances. Reakirt has been engaged in private stock speculations, having been a large dealer in Reading.

The Constantinople correspondent of the London Times notes the opening of the first section of the Roumelian railway. Although the distance is very short—only ten and a half miles—yet as this is the first railway yet opened from the capital, the affair attracted no slight attention.

The London Food Journal says:—"Physiologically, soup has great value for those who hurry to and from their meals, as it allows an interval of comparative rest to the fainting stomach before the more substantial beef and mutton is attacked."

A bill is pending in the New York Legislature compelling fire insurance companies to deposit two hundred thousand dollars each in the insurance department of the State government, to be held for the security of policy holders.

A rumor prevailed in Washington yesterday that the U. S. steamship Tennessee, having on board the San Domingo Commission, had foundered at sea. It was ascertained to have no foundation.

The Montreal Gazette and other Canadian papers contradict the statements recently made regarding a settlement of the fisheries difficulties having been proffered at Washington by Sir John Ross.

Yesterday a meeting of the members of the Baltimore bar took place in the Supreme Court-room to consider how the standard of professional learning and professional character of attorneys might be elevated.

Nineteen bodies in all have been recovered from the wrecked and burned car on the Hudson River Railroad, and there are two yet under the ruins.

The appointment of Blaquie Bey, as Turkish minister to Greece, causes a painful impression in Athens. Why so.

Round dances are said to be going out of favor in England, the more dignified square dances resuming their sway.

CAUGHT A TARTAR.—Yesterday morning, an elderly gentleman, belonging in this city, started to walk up the C. & P. railroad track from Belleaire to West Wheeling. In the neighborhood of Whiskey Run he came across three rough-looking young men who were sitting on the end of the ties of the road taking consolation and fustil oil by word of mouth out of a gallon jug. As our old friend passed them, one of them, a youth of about eighteen, hailed him with, "here, daddy, come and get a drink." He was informed that tasting benzine is not one of the old gentleman's accomplishments, but he was not to be put off that way.

Advancing with a volley of oaths flying from his mouth, he informed the old gentleman that he must drink or take a whipping. Just as the young ruffian got within striking distance of our old friend the latter drew a revolver, which he cocked and held full in the face of the half-drunken rascal. He could not have stopped more suddenly if lightning had struck him. "Don't shoot, old fellow," he stammered as soon as he could recover from his astonishment. "I meant it all in friendship."

"D—n your friendship," shouted the old fellow, now thoroughly excited. "Go get that jug and bring it here, or I'll blow you to kingdom come in a minute."

The completely cowed ruffian obeyed. As he brought the jug full of liquor, the old man said:

"Now break it on that railroad tie. Break it!" he shouted. "break it quick or—"

Before he had time to finish the sentence, the jug was in a thousand pieces.

"Now, you infernal, damned, mean cuss, get down on your knees and apologize, or I'll make your head look like a pepper box top."

The fellow hesitated, but looking into the old man's eyes, he saw he meant business, and dropping on his knees in the snow, abjectly apologized for the outrage.

Thinking him sufficiently punished, the old man walked peacefully away. As he went up the track he heard one of the fellows call out to the other, "I say, Bill, that ain't the man you was looking for, is it?"

And we believe him.—Wheeling Register.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.—Fletcher, the actor, is playing at the National Theatre.

A baby was born in one of the street cars yesterday—the passengers leaving the mother and child, without ceremony.

The sale of articles from the dead-letter office continues at Mr. Thompson's auction store. The attendance is large, and the exhibition of the motley goods creates much merriment.

Receptions at the residence of official persons are held every week.

It was announced from the Bench in the Supreme Court yesterday that there would be a meeting of that Court on Saturday morning at 11 o'clock in reference to the proposed Taney fund.

The committee of the National Telegraph Association appointed to select a site for the Morse monument have decided upon erecting it on the vacant space occurring at the intersection of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue.

PASSING AWAY.—The last week furnished a melancholy record that the ligaments of the past are being fast, broken and the loved and revered in our neighborhood are fast passing away. On Tuesday night, after protracted suffering, Mrs. Eliza S. Stewart, the well-known and venerable consort of the late Charles G. Stewart, deceased after having reached more than her three score and ten. This was followed on Friday by the death of Mr. Joseph M. Brown aged near 70, and Capt. John Moler in his 83d year. No two men ever lived in our community more universally respected or whose death has been more sincerely lamented. Both had been prominent thought life in all the business affairs of the county and in public and private trust enjoyed the respect and confidence of the people.—Charlestonian Spirit.

WILD FOWL.—The Annapolis Republican chronicles this as "good shooting." A party of four or five gentlemen from this city killed, on Tuesday last, one hundred and eight wild ducks, consisting of canvas backs, red-heads, black-heads, mallards and dippers. They were secured by means of a well-planned and successful work. They were readily disposed of at prices ranging from fifty cents to two dollars a-half a pair—the latter for canvas backs. Since the breaking up of the ice in some parts of our rivers and creeks by the craftsmen, gunners are having a lively time. Ducks are reported to be in great numbers. (It is said that fewer wild fowl have been killed on the Potomac this winter than usual—hardly any canvas backs.)

Reckless disregard of the sanctities and amenities of private life is, whenever, or wherever practised, a disgrace to journalism in Men. Will sometimes deliberately write and publish words which inflict more cruel and more lasting wounds than any blow. In the indecent rivalry for sensational pre-eminence, journalists seem often to lose all the finer instincts of manhood.

Letter from Richmond.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

RICHMOND, Feb. 8.—In the House of Delegates, to-day, bills were reported imposing a tax on oysters; to abate "the dog nuisance;" amending the code in relation to the appointment of trustees; providing for the printing of the reports of the Supreme Court of Appeals. Lists of the stockholders of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, Richmond and Petersburg, Seaboard and Roanoke, and Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad Companies, under a resolution of the House, were presented.

The "chain gang" bill was taken up, further discussed and recommitted.

A resolution was introduced giving an inspector of flour to each county.

Bills were passed amending the code in relation to partition of lands; amending the act prescribing the duties and compensation of county officers; and amending the code in relation to writs of "seize facias."

The bill amending the charter of the Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad Company was called up and after a very spirited and warm discussion on a motion to make it the order of the day for to-morrow, which was lost by a small majority, the House adjourned.

In the Senate, to-day, an adverse report was made upon the proposition to work the convict labor of the penitentiary in the State granite quarries in getting out stone for a new Capitol, as premature.

The Committee of Courts of Justice reported favorably upon the joint resolution for an amendment to the constitution striking out the twelve per cent. interest clause of the constitution.

The joint resolution tendering to West Virginia an arbitration of the public debt was taken up and the House amendments striking out that provision requiring the arbitration to be approved by the legislatures of each State, agreed to, and the resolution thus amended passed, and now goes to the Governor for his approval.

Bills were passed leaving it discretionary with the Board of Supervisors to publish or not the yearly statements of the county treasury, in the county papers; authorizing the Orange, Alexandria and Manassas and Virginia and North Carolina Railroad to recall outstanding certificates of stock and issue uniform certificates; therefore, in relation to the recovery of real estate; incorporating the Chesterfield Land and Improvement Company; making an appropriation of \$30,000 for the erection of buildings at the Eastern Lunatic Asylum; for the relief of James Robertson, late Sheriff of Page county, Tennessee, and for the relief of the Collector of taxes of the same county; and for the relief of the South-western Bank of Virginia.

A number of bills were advanced to their third reading, among them bills authorizing the C. & A. & M. R. Co. to acquire and sell lands along the line of that road in order to encourage immigration; allowing a subscription of \$100,000 to the Potomac and Manassas Railroad, on the part of the county of Prince William; amending the act incorporating the Charlottesville and University Railroad Company.

The bill authorizing corporation courts to fix the terms for holding their quarterly courts, and the terms for trying criminal cases was taken up and its order and passed.

The bill authorizing Justices of the Peace to try unlawful detainer cases, lay granite an appeal, was called up and passed also.

The "Railroad war" broke out afresh this morning, and there was considerable excitement in the lobbies of the Capitol, a rumor having obtained currency that the bill amending the charter of the Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad Company would be taken up in the Senate for discussion. The bill was called up, but merely for the purpose of making it a special order for Friday next. Several substitutes have been offered for the original bill, and a bill introduced authorizing the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company to extend their road to Alexandria. There is a good deal of feeling manifested in reference to this question, which is in a few words, whether the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company be authorized to have control of the R. F. & P. R. R. from Quantico to Richmond, and upon this the "fight" will be made. Several gentlemen of prominence in and out of the State are here urging and opposing the scheme.

Albert M. Akin, proprietor of Akin's Landing, on James river, noted as the place of exchange of prisoners during the war, died this morning. Mr. A. will be remembered by many who were in the war, on both sides.

The Governor returned to the city to-day from Washington.

Notwithstanding the House refused to-day to make the Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad bill the order of the day for to-morrow, yet in regular order the bill will come up and be discussed, and the friends of the Pennsylvania Central are certain of being able to carry their plan.

Among the discharges in bankruptcy granted by the U. S. district court during its last session were:—A. Patrick, Daniel F. Slaughter and Jas. F. Brown, of Culpeper; Wm. A. Thorn and S. C. Lindsay, of Fauquier; B. W. Baker, R. C. Perkins, Wm. P. Perkins, H. C. Lacey and J. W. Baker, of Loudoun; John Gibson and R. B. Gibson, of Orange; Jas. H. Boulhman, of Prince William; G. W. Gray, A. J. Sigler, P. D. Woodson and Z. Raines, of Rockingham; A. J. Goodloe, of Spotsylvania; W. E. Powers, of Stafford; P. C. George, of Westmoreland; W. O. Doggett and Philip Laurens, Jr., of Caroline; W. H. Carpenter, of Madison, and C. J. Kemper, of Rappahannock.

In the absence from the city of Mr. Turner, Speaker of the House of Delegates, and of the committee on re-appropriation, nothing has yet been done as to restricting the State. The committee will probably meet in a day or two, when the sub-committee will report a compromise plan, allowing the membership of the Senate to remain as at present, but reducing the House to about one hundred members.

MRS. MONCRE'S BOOK.—It was announced some time since that Mrs. M. B. Moncre, of this city, was about to publish a book on cooking and general household economy. We have it before us under the title of "The Art of Good Living." It is perhaps the most acceptable book of its kind yet offered the Virginia public. It is entirely practical, and occupies the whole range between frugal and costly living. We discern the genius of Virginia society through its pages. The dearly prized dishes of the Virginia household are spread before us graphically. In the chapter on breads we find the "Virginia Ash Cake," which won the heart of this writer. As he made him exclaim, "This book indeed should be in every Virginia household." The volume is not overpowered, and what it has is all useful.—Richmond Dispatch.

BREAD STUFFS.—The New York Financial Chronicle says: "Speculation is based to a great extent upon the supposed wants of the continent, following the peace which it is thought will be established. Whether this supposed want is exaggerated or not, it is not necessary for us to inquire. It will suffice to say that the period immediately following a war is usually one of meretricious depression, not favorable to speculation. The demand from the continent what ever its extent may be, will not, for the present at least, be a speculative one, but to meet absolute needs; and such a demand suggests the steady but slow process of realizing rather than the activity upon which speculation thrives. In view of these facts we think it behooves dealers in bread stuffs to use great caution."

"The Moon Ghost" in Albemarle on last Monday night was more rampant than usual. His thumping and rapping on and around the house kept all of the inmates awake.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Yesterday a carriage drove up to the door of the Richmond city jail in style, and John Hill stepped out and called for the turnkey. Hill is a colored man who was in jail a few weeks ago awaiting trial for felony, but escaped one morning, and had since eluded the detectives. The reason of his voluntary return may possibly be found in the fact that one of the principal witnesses for the Commonwealth in his case is not forthcoming.

The railroad war, as it is called, involving the conflicting interests of Richmond and Norfolk, &c., continues to be warmly carried on in Richmond. Charges and counter charges are made on all hands. One side opposes the plans of the Pennsylvania Central Company, and the other as vigorously advocates them. Various railroad interests are concerned in the controversy.

The Valley people are suffering from the depredations of wolves and panthers. A gentleman living in Rockingham county had fifty sheep killed by wolves last week, and near the same locality a panther invaded the premises of a farmer and carried off a hog.

The many friends of Capt. M. Lewis Randolph will be pained to learn of his death, which occurred on the 1st inst. at "Edge Hill," Albemarle county, the residence of his father Col. T. J. Randolph.

Several dogs, supposed to be mad, have been killed in the Stafford C. H. and Garrisonville neighborhoods in Stafford county. It is reported that a number of dogs were bitten by the rabid ones.

Dr. M. B. Poitiaux, civil engineer, is now engaged in putting in position in Richmond the granite columns ordered by the Council to mark the height of the late flood there.

The Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South is announced to meet at Salem, Roanoke county, Va., on the 8th of March.

The London Mirror says: "The Leesburg Academy is full—there not being a vacant seat in the room, which speaks well for the thirst for knowledge inspiring our young people."

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company does not now contemplate a connection with the Danville Railroad.

COLORED POPULATION.—It appears from the census returns for 1870 that in 502 counties, in Kentucky, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia, designated old slave-holding States, the colored population was 1,370,473, or nearly 11,000 more than in 1860. There were gains in the percentage only in North Carolina and Tennessee.

In Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina and Texas, designated old slave-consuming States, in 417 counties the colored population in 1870 was 1,775,302, or 95,542 more than in 1860.—There were losses in percentage in Louisiana, South Carolina and Texas.

EVERYBODY must admit that the Library as conducted at present is doing more good now than ever it did before, and it will do more good if some of our enterprising citizens will be ready and willing to assist its management by taking an active part in its behalf, and serve on the Board of Directors. The necessity of this will be plain at once, when I say that had the committee on the recent concert gotten up for the benefit of this institution managed more economically than they did the Library certainly would have netted more than ten dollars by the operation. Our people deserve credit for their liberal attendance on that occasion, but they will be disappointed in learning that one hundred and thirty dollars were absorbed in expenses, and that the remaining ten went toward the Library.

THE name of the mandetee in Petersburg, as passing himself off as a Mason, is not J. T. Aven Jr., no such person ever having lived here. It is another name, and "Aven" and the person did once live in Alexandria. He is I believe not a Mason. The initials of the christian name are correct. A MASON.

FINANCIAL & COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Feb. 9.—The market for Wheat is inactive, though there is no material change in prices; offerings of 1252 bushels red, with sales at 142, 145, 150, 152, 160, 165, 167, 169, 170 and 175 for inferior to prime; small offerings of white, but no sales reported. Corn is dull at a slight decline; offerings of 1422 bushels mixed and 20 of yellow, with sales of the former at 78 and 79; no sales of the latter reported. Oats are steady; sales of small lots at 52.

MINUTE ALMANAC, FEBRUARY 9. SUN RISES 6:50. MOON RISES 10:03. SUN SETS 5:21. MOON SETS 11:03.

At a called meeting of Harmony Lodge, No. 518, G. O. U. of O. E. held at the Lodge room, February 8th, 1871, to take action in relation to the decease of our worthy Brother, JOHN H. TYLER, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God, the all-wise Ruler of the universe, and Dispenser of all providences, to remove from our midst our worthy Brother, JOHN H. TYLER; and whereas the Lodge, by this dispensation, has lost one of its most willing and faithful supporters, society a bright ornament, and his family its chief stay; therefore,

Resolved, That we bow in humble submission to His will, "who doeth all things well."

Resolved, That we deeply lament his loss, and sympathize profoundly with his estimable family in this their hour of severest affliction.

Resolved, That this Lodge, as a token of its respect and esteem for the departed, be draped in mourning for the period of thirty days, and that the members thereof attend his funeral in a body.

Resolved, That all other Lodges of the order in this city be invited to participate in the solemnities of the occasion.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased.

JNO. H. CREDIT, N. G. T. B. PRINCE, Secretary.

BLACK ALPACAS, from Nos. 40 to 170, inclusive, just received. These goods do not require any praise from us. Any person who has ever bought them will know their value.—We have about hundreds of pieces, and have yet to hear a complaint of them. We have both Jet and Blue Black double warp and beautiful finish. Feb. 9. WITMER & SLAYMAKER.

THE EFFECT OF THE WAR IN FRANCE has made it very difficult to procure a genuine KID GLOVE. We have not been able to obtain our usual complete assortment, but have succeeded in securing from the importers very choice shades of Nos. 51, 6, 61, 63, 65, 7 and 1. Also, Black, of the same numbers. Feb. 9. R. L. WOOD.

POTOMAC FAMILY ROE HERRING, by the bbl, half bbl or in smaller quantities. The Herrings are strictly prime, and packed with the greatest care. For sale by WM. F. BROOKES, 179 King street.

GEORGE A. JENKINS celebrated SUGAR-CURED HAM, small sizes, received this day and for sale by WM. F. BROOKES, 179 King street.

BIRD PRIMER'S SEEDS, 2 lbs. Breakfast, 1 lb. Shoulder and Side Bacon, 15 cents. Rio, Laguyra and Java Coffee, just received and for sale by J. C. MILBURN, Jan. 19.

WE CONTINUE to offer many very desirable styles of goods at greatly reduced prices, and invite purchasers to examine our stock before buying. Feb. 7. ROBT. L. WOOD.

FANCY GOODS.

GLORIOUS INTELLIGENCE!

EVERYBODY CONCERNED!

French Goods at Ante-War Prices!

CLOSING OUT WINTER GOODS

EMBROIDERIES AND LACE

Marked down to-day.

WHITE GOODS! WHITE GOODS

Going at a sacrifice

The goods slightly soiled, but not otherwise damaged.

Every yard of White Goods will be closed out

These goods are of the best European manufacture, and stock the largest in the city.

By calling early purchasers will have the advantage of a large variety to select from, comprising all grades of

IRISH LINENS, BED SPREADS, SWISS MUSLINS, LINEN DIAPERS, NAINSOOK, COTTON, PLAID, TOWELS, JACONET CAMBES